

.. ANDILLS RETURNE.

TERMS OF THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

autoration of the roamaster in the neighborhood, or they measure, that has been taken earl impositions and quizzes, has proved heretofore unavailablement, therefore, insist in such a case upon the Communiberiz certified by the name of the Postmastor, written on the

Chicknhominy Land for Sale. Chicknhominy Land for Sale.

Will be sold sabilely, on the premises, on THURSDAY, the 1sth day of July next, if last, and if not, the possessor day thereafter, Sunday excepted, the Tract of Land cailed FAIR-FIELD lying on Chickahominy River, in the county of Hanover, it distant from Richmond about eight miles, contains 920 acressite distant from Richmond about eight miles, contains 920 acressite days of which, if not more, is cleared; about 100 acres of the used had as instantegrass land, and ausceptible of irrigation at all used had its internate in the balance is heavily timbered with pine, hickory, oak sense; it he balance is greater part of which is prime Tobacco land, and devended and the cleared land is in a state of improvement, producting from five texts barrels of corn per acre. A Mendow of 93 acres ing from five texts barrels of corn per acre. A Mendow of 93 acres ing from five texts barrels of corn per acre. in grass It is considered by all persons acquainted with the ments consist of houses of every description, except in

sche on the premises, and will be an of sale.

MILES MACON.

P.S. Immediately after the above sale, will be sold the Mills and known as MACON'S MILLS, adjoining to the above me, with 28 acres of land attended thereto. The Grist and Macouring Mill runs two pair of corn and one do of burst stones, is a selected and of the sale will be set I have ever seen and espable of cutting a quantity of time. The Grist is worth from 25 to 30 bits of corn per month; and astrond stands higher in the Richmond Markets for Family Flour and the first built.

LANS FOR SALE —Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Su-perior Court of Law and Chancery, for the county of Alba-mile, incumuned on the 22d day of stay, 1832, in the cause in and Court, Jophing's Heirs Planniffs, against Jophing's Admi-strator and others, Defendants—the undersigned, or one of them, rating as Commissioners of said Court for that purpose, will effor for sale, on the primises, and on the days hereinalter stated, the inhoming tracts of land, belonging to the estate of Jesse Jophing,

d, Mr. a Faured by, the lst day of August next, if fair, if not, the next day, the tract of land in the county of Albemarie and on Junes etc., called Peach Orchard, whereon said Jopling resided, and micel as per calabit E, filed in said cause, accontaining 700

And on some day, the lands described as per exhibit F, filed in all case as containing 421 acres and 1 6 poles, in said county, and forming the foregoing, and being lands purchased by said Jopling and Robert Haghes and John Hughes, and now commonly called Haghes's and John Hughes's, will be sold the lands oping purchased from Mrs. Jane Rose, and are de-rection to, filed in said cause, as containing 264 acres Hughes's, and this latter tract, making as per exhi-, 659 acres and 13 poles. This property lies on James exale on this day will commence with the last mentherefore, on the day of sale, please the place called Hughes's.

the called Hugnes's.
, the 5th day of August, if fair, and if not, then a tract on Ruckfish river, in Nelson county, of ing the residue held by said Jesse Jopling, under e residue held by said Jesse Joping, under ing, deceased, and by purchase from Bulph setting spart, (which has been done) 300 isse Joping to Holman Joping. And on adjuning the foregoing, containing 200, theirs of William Ball, deceased, but subneeds of wiffiam bair, deceased, but sub-actude Ball, one of the heirs and distributees I, to one fifth part thereof, which has not yet. The sale of these two tracts will commence at named; and purchasers will therefore on the day

And on Pharsday, the 8th day of August next, if fair, and if not,

takehased of uncommon value.

The other lands are of good quality, being fully equal to the ave-

nevade of the lands in the neighborhoods where they lie.
Pathasers will have the privilege of preparing land and seeding critication, and full mescasion last January next.—And the terms will be cash for the expenses of the sate, and for the balance three end amond instable rots, with hands and approved personal secu-nity, and the laties retained as additional security. RECIBEN B. PATTESON, Comme's

The Alsonacle bands will be shown by Samuel Childrens and the name Eules, and the Nelson lands by Holman Jophing and Jas-fanolin.—Address the first named commissioner at Warminster

at Office-the other at Buckingham Court-house. And possuant to said denree will be sold at public auction, at backingham there house, on the 8th day of July next, that being the said and the said at the said a Borkingham their house, on the can de-count day, three negro slaves, viz: a young woman of about 16 fears agit o about 2 or 10 years, and a boy of about 11 or 12 years att, the property of and Jesse Jopling, dec'd—all of them the lattest kind of negroes. Terms will be six months credit, with approved negotiable paper at Bank.

R. B. P., Commr's.

J. M. P.

Q. Qawids

will be sold on the following terms, viz: for cash his latter tract will be sold on the following terms, viz: for cash on anomategal to all the proper costs, charges and expenses of many the sale, and as to the residue of the proceeds of sale, of a credit of one, two and three years, from the day of sale, in the managements. Bonds, with one or more appreved securities, the given for the credit instalments, and the title to the land to remain quantity the whole purchase money is paid.—The lands are represented to be very valuable, and worthy the attention of such as may desire to purchase.

SAMUEL TAYLOR,
P. T. DANIEL.

R. T. DANIEL, ROBERT G. SCOTT,

CHEAP AND GOOD GROCERIES. ff-r for sale the following articles, at the lowest market

Prices:
10 bads, prime St. Croix Sugar
15 do. do. Porto Rice do. do. Porto Rico do. do. do. N. Orleans do.

5 do. do. N. Orleans do.

5 tierces and 10 hoxes Loaf Sugar

15 do. and 10 hoxes Loaf Sugar

16 do. and 10 holes superior New Orleans Molasses

8 holds Porto Rico Molasses

5 logs prime green Rio Coffee, strong scented

30 do. do do. Loguira do.

15 do. St. Domingo do.

15 do. old Java

Together with Cotton Varus, Wrapping Paper, Soap, Candles, Starch
Mace, Ginger, Allspice, Elick Pepper, Teas of various grades

Mace, Ginger, Allspice, Black Pe Wites from 75 cents to \$5 Family Flour, Raisins, &c., &c.

5.000 Smithfield, bog round, Bacon and Fish.
20 blids, superior Western Middlings, now in store
5.000 Smithfield, bog round, Bacon
200 bbls. Herrings.—All cheap for cash.
WYATT & WHITE,

May 31

Six doors below the Bell Tavern. J MES REID. Draper and Tailor, has just returned from England with a very fashionable assortment of Goods, suitable to be present and approaching Sessons, which was purchased by him sef, for each, and on very reassonable terms; and will continue to RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

TERMS OF THE RICHMOND ENQUIRER.

If fee Enquirer is published three times a toeck duting the session of the State Legislature, and twice a toeck duting the rest of the year.

TERMS OF SUBSURITION.

The Dollars per anaem, and Three Dollars for six months, and the last of the Editor; the postage of all provides that cannot at the tisk of the Editor; the postage of all provides and makes, at the tisk of the Editor; the postage of all provides and account to the writer. It is the accumulated posticity of any account to the writer is the accumulated posticity of any account to the writer is accumulated posticity of any account to the writer is accumulated posticity of any accoun

The Stockholders at their late general meeting, adopted a resulu-The Stockholders, at their late general meeting, adopted a resolution declaring the profits of the institution to the 3d June, due provision being first mide for had debts, to be the property of the then stockholders, the local is now engaged in ascertaining the next profits, the amount whereof, so soon as the account is made up, will be made upfallic; and be atterwards paid to the holders of old stock, in conformity with said resolution.

L. G. BLAIR, Configura

1000 Rags Rio and Laguira Coffee 1000 Sar ks Sult 1000 kegs Naits Fine Saint Croix and Porto Rico Sugars Blasting and "Kentucky" Rifle Powder

Loaf Sugar-all grades, at factory prices Fur flats-broad brims Wines- Madeira and Sicily Madeira Paper-all qualities, from the Richmond Manufactory Bleuched Lamp Oil Linse-d Oil, White Lead

Fine Old Antigua Rum Old Cognac Erandy Whiskey, New England Rum Shot-all sizes

The above on consignment, and for sale by wholesale, by
DAVENPORT & ALLEN,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchant

ANOVER LANDS FOR SALE .- Wishing to remove to the Western country, I will sell the Piant-tion on which I reside, lying on Southenna river, in the county of Hanover, a short distance below Ground Squirrel Bridge, and in the immediate neigh-physical of Col. Charles P. Good III., within 20 miles of Richmond. The tract contains between 5 and 100 acres; of which, about 1-3d acres, and may be the property of the first rate of and up to the physical physical property of the first rate of and up timber. It nos-The tract contains between 5 and 600 geres; of which, about 1-3 is in woods, and a portion of this first rate o it and pine timber. It possesses a good water power, on which is exceed, and now in good repair and successful operation, a Saw Mill and Grist Mill. The Dwelling-house and out-houses, including a large frame Barn, are in look repair. The soil is good, and well adopted to the cultivation of corn, wheat, oats, &a, and the situation agreeable and very healthy.—For further particulars, I am authorised to refer to Micajah Bates, who resides in Richmond, and is well acquinted with the land and the neighborhood.

MALTER CRENSHAW.

June 4

8—8t

Valuable property in Fluranna for sale.

PURSUANT to the provisions of a deed of trust, executed by Alica Bernard to Samuel Leake and the undersigned, on the 1st day of June, 1821, and daily admitted to record in the offices of the clerks of the flustings Court of the city of Richmond and county of Fluvanna, and in order to satisfy the purposes of said deed, the undersigned will, on the 8th day of July next, at 4 o clock, P. M., offer for sale, at public auction, to the highest bidder, for ready money, at the tront 200 of the Washington Tavera, in the city of Richmond, the following valuable tructs or parcels of Land, lying and being in the county of Fluvanna, viz: one tract containing 200 acres, being the same land whereon William Barlow resided at the date of said deed, and which was formerly the property of Charles Robinson—one tract containing 100 acres, formerly the property of Micaj in Manly, and a tract containing 439 acres, formerly the property of Mr. and Ann Williams, being part of the lands conveyed to the said Allen Bernard by deed from the sheriff of the said county of Fluvanna, as by reference to said deeds, duly recorded in the Clerk's office of the said county will more fully appear. The title to the above mentioned property is believed to be midisputable, but as the undersigned sells as trustee he will only undertake to convey to the purchasers such title as is vested in him by the Deed of Trust a oresaid.

June 7

[9-tds]

Treenty Dollars Reward Valuable property in Fluranna for sale.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RAN away from me, the subscriber, one half mile north-west of Blacksburg, Monigemery county, Va., a negro man named Jess, about 32 years old, and I think about 5 feet, 5 or 6 inches high. He has a pouched mouth, white eyes and nearly right black: a vicious took in the face. The above described negro ran away from me the 231 ult. Any person delivering the above named degro to me, or confining him in any jail, shall receive the above reward, and I will may all legal is il fees, they giving me immediate notice. pay all legal jail fees, they giving me immediate notice.

June 11 [10-161] W.M. J. BARRIGER.

FREDERICK WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS.

of sale, places attend there first.

And on Pharshala, the Sth day of August next, if fair, and if not, the next fair day, the tract of land in Nelson county, belonging to said less. Jouling, whereon John Hughes now resides, containing loss ares.

The lands first above mentioned as lying on James river in Alberto's county, are valuable and very desirable. The place called pack before an above the said so the first above mentioned as lying on James river in Alberto's county, are valuable and very desirable. The place called pack before an above the said sits above mentioned as lying on James river in Alberto's county, are valuable and very desirable. The place called pack before a said sit of the said sits above mentioned as lying on James river in Alberto's county, are valuable and very desirable. The place called pack before a said sit of the said sit of the said sits and the said sits and the said sits and sits and sits and sits and pack and sits and

secretion, with the happiest effect. The efficiety of the water atrested by numbers from the Atlantic cities, to which it is so readily
necessible, is be lieved to be equal to that of any spring in Virginia.

The accommodations have been greatly increased since last season—including a large three-story brick building, containing from
forty to fifty lodging reoms, well fickined, besides a large built noon,
for which the best music has been provided—baths to suit the wishes
of the visitors, and other improvements to meet the extended reputation of the summer resort. Every effort has been made to place
this doughtful Watering Place upon a footing with the most fashionlike places of the kind, and every exertion will be used to give suthis places of the kind, and every exertion will be used to give Frederick County, June 1, 1839.

Moffat's Vegetable Life Pills and Phenix Bitters.

Moffut's Vegetable Life Pills and Phenic Bitlers.

Moffut THE universal estimation in which the celebrated Life Pills and

a copy can also be obtained of the different Agents who have the medicines for sole.

French, Gorman and Spanish directions can be obtained on application at the office, 375 Broadway.

All post paid letters will receive immediate attention.

All post paid letters will receive immediate attention.

Prepared and sold by WILLIAM B. MOFFAT, 375 Broadway.

New York. A liberal deduction made to those who purchase to sell

Agents.—The Life Medicines may also be had of the principal agents.—The Life Medicines may also be had of the principal druggists in every town throughout the U. S. and the Canadas.—Ask for Moffat's Life Pills and Phenix Bitters; and be sure that a face simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the label of each bettle face simile of John Moffat's signature is upon the label of each bettle face simile or box of nills.

[June 7] 9—tf of bitters or box of pills.

Morus Multicaulis and Silk Worm Eggs Morus Multicaulis and Silk Worm Eggs
THE subscriber offers for sale, in lots to suit purchasers, Morus
Multicaulis Trees in any quantity, deliverable next November;
also, a variety of Silk Worm Eggs, among which are 10 onnees of
Mammoth White and Yellow, warranted genuine, ready for delivery now. Companies or individuals wanting to supply themselves
with Eggs for the second crop or for next year, are informed, that
the undersigned will furnish florm of Mammoth White, Mammoth
Grey and Yellow, Yellow Ball, Two Crop White and Orange, Imperial Mammoth Sulphur and the Pea Nut varieties—all reared in
Virginis; put up so us to go to any part of the world; each kind labelled and warranted. Apply, post paid, at the Office of the Virginia Silk Agency, to
Also, a supply of the most approved Works on the Cultivation of
the Tree, and the Management of Silk, from the hatching of the
Eggs to the dying of the Silk.

May 31

Twenty Fire Dollars Reward.

THE Lock broken and stolen from my stable, on the night of the 4th of May, 1839, in the county of Orange, between the Courthouse and Fredericksburg, 9 miles from the Courthouse and 27 from Fredericksburg, my Riding horse He is a light Sorrel, 5 feet 1 inch high, rides well, has a handsome bowed neek, some white suddle spots on his back, one hind foot white, a dark spot on one thigh die spots on his back, one hind foot white, a dark spot on one thigh larger than a man's hand, and one eyelash bit off by a mule when a larger than a man's hand, and one eyelash that is off, but am not certain. Other the burney of the most off, but am not certain. When any person goes in the stable to feed him, he appears to have a disposition to kick or bite. I have refused to take \$200 for him. I will give the above reward for the horse and thief, or for the horse alone, if taken out of this State, or a liberal reward, according to the distance and trouble the taker up may have, and pay all reasonable expenses. Twenty Five Dollars Reward.

Richmond and Fredericksburg Roilcoad. THE Mail Train on and after Aednesday, the 5th instant, will leave Richmond at 1-4 b-fore 5 o'cleck, P. M. Office R. F. & P. R. R. Company,

\$100 REWARD.—Strayed or stolen from my plantation, a few miles from this place, on the 3d instant, two hay horses and an iron grey stud calt. The horses are a pretty good match, 6 years old, 5 leet 2 or 3 inches high, and rather spare made; one of them has a little white about one hind foot, and perhaps a little white about one fore foot, and has rather high hip bones; the other of the hays has betterne of his mare by the halter collar, has an ugly head and neck, and is somewhat rubbed with the gear, the cold is one year old, large and coarse; is quite gentle and may be bandled, livill give ten dol are for any information that will enable mo to get aid horses; twenty dollars if they be delivered to me in this place; and if they are stolen (which I strongly suspect) I will give one hundred dollars for the detection and conviction of the thief. hundred dollars for the detection and conviction of the thief.

W.M. C. ADAMS.

Scottsville, June 14th, 1839.

11-4t

A RCADIA FOR SALE.—It suits the purposes of the subaraber to sell that very valuable tract of Land, on which he resides; lying on both sides of Terrible Creek, in Halifax county, adjoining the lands of J.m. a Petry, Dr. Newhill, and others. There are avera hundred and ninety seven acres in this tract; about 100 of which are low grounds of the very best quality, and all good tobacco land; about 40 acres are well-set in red clover, and white clover spring up on all the hottom lands when neglected, and seems to be the natural growth; a combrable dwelling of five rooms, and out houses, harns, and fixtures of good style; in the otchard, there are fruits of great variety; and we have near the house one of the best springs in Virginia. Virginia.
Also, another tract of Land situated in the neighborhood, and

almost contiguous to the former, or 400 acres. This hand is principally in woods, and excellent tobacco land. This tract has no buildings upon it, except some tobacco barns. We invite those who may wish to settle permanently in Virginia, to come and see for themselves, and we insist upon an early application to the suberiber, living upon the premises. JOHN B. ROYALL.

Halifax June 14th, 1839. JAMES RIVER AND KANAWHA COMPANY.

JAMES RIVER AND KANAWIA COMPANY.

Notice to delinquent Stockholders.

The a stated Monthly Meeting of the President and Directors of the James River and Kanawha Company, held in the city of Richmond, on I UESDAY, 14th May, 1839:

Resulted, That notice he given to the delinquent stockholders of the Company, that in case the amounts due from them respectively be not paid, or secured in a framer satisfactory to the Beatd, previous to the 1st day of August next, their stock will immediately thereafter be advertised for sale, pursuant to the provisions of the Charter.

Resolved, That all stockholders having accounts against the Com pany, and who are in arrears, be and they are hereby requested to send their claims to the Secretary for scattlement at the July meet-ing of the Board, and that in case of a failure to do so on their part,

the existence of their claims will not exempt them from the operathe existence of heir chains will not exempt them from the opera-tion of the foregoing resolution.

Resolved, That for the purpose of giving the notice above direct-ed, the Secretary came the foregoing resolutions to be published in the new-papers in Richmond, Charlos tesville. Lynchburg, Lexing-ton, Fincastle, Lewisburg, and Charleston, Kanawha, until the 1st of August.

Reserved.

f August.

By order of the President and Directors.

W. B. CHITTENDEN, See'y. DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

JOHN G. WAYT, Dentat, has located himself permanently in Richmond, in the house on Main street, lately the office of the United States' Bank, one square above the Ranks.

Operations for the prevention or removal of disease in the Teeth, will be attended to with all the care which the great importance of those organs demands.

Teeth will be insected by means of Pivots or Gold Plates, all experience having proved that there is no good substitute for them.

Reference is respectfully made to the following gentlemen in Richmond.

ne has located himself permanently in Richmend, for the purpose of practising his profession in that city, we cheerfully recommend him to the confidence of its citizens, believing it will be duly appreciated and not abused.

Thomas W. Gilmer,
WM. S. White,
Hardin Massie, M. D.,
Jas. L. Jones, M. D.,
W. F. Gooch, M. D.
V. W. Soffinkle,
James A. Leiten, M. B.
John R. Woods, M. D.,
A. R. McKer, M. D.,
Nimbod Brasham, NIMBOD BRAMHAM, MERIWETHER L. ANDERSON, CH. MINER, M. D.

Tredegar Rolling Mills and Foundry, Richmond, Va.

THE Tredegar Iron Company beg leave to inform the public that their Rolling Mill and Force are now in complete operation, and they are prepared torexecute, at the shortest notice, orders for every description of bar Iron, either hummered or rolled, embracing Flat Iron from 58 to 12 inches wide Round and square, 3 16 to 4 do do Hoops, 3.4 to 2.1-2.

Band, 2 to 6: box and taok Iron:

to 6; box and tank Iron;

Railroad Axles, hammered on the most approved plan, and war-ranted; Splicing Plates for railroads, cut and punched to order; railranted; Splicing Plates for railroads, cut and punched to order; railrad iron do.

In connection with their Rolling Mill and Forge, the Tredegar Company have erected an extensive from and Brass Foundry, Smithing and Machine Shop. In this department of their business, they are prepared to furnish all descriptions of Castings for railroads, mill gearing, and other purposes, and to have the same fitted up in the very best manner, having secured the services of the most experienced and skilful arrizants that could be obtained.

Having entire confidence in their skilling to serve the public upon

as good terms and with as good work as any similar establishmen in the Union, they respectfully solicit a share of their patronage.

FRANCIS B. DEANE, Jr., May 17 [3-16] President Tredegar Iron Company. A Welsh Main of Cocks will be fought at Hanover Court House, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, (20th, 21st and 22d press at month.) All cockers who are disposed to see the sport revived are quested to bring their cocks at the time and place above mentio Several veteran cockers of Caroline and King William

there with their fowls, at that time. Also, several from Henrico and Hanover will be in attendance.

LAND FOR SALE. AVING determined to remove to the Wort, I offer for sale the tract of land upon which I reside, lying in the county of Goochland, 3 miles below the Court house and 27 from Richmond, conland, 3 miles below the Court-house and 27 from Richmond, containing 630 acres—one-fourth of which is well timbered, about 190 acres of first rate creek flat, and the highland in fine condition for farming. It has upon it a good dwelling house and all other neces sary improvements. Any one wishing to do so, can purchase the estate in its present situation, with the crops, and stock of every description. The terms will be such as to sun the most fastidious.

S. S. ROYSTER, Agent.

June 4 [S-w4w] For David Royster.

S500 REWARD.—Five hundred dollars will be given for the apprehension and delivery of my man JUBA to me in the county of Gloucester, Va. JUBA originally belonged to James P. Corbin of Lanesville. King & Queen county, and was bought by me, at his sale, in 1835. He is a good Carpenter, about 5 feet inches lagh, 40 years old, very black, downcast look, a whispering voice, and is well know in the counties of King & Queen, and Middiesex, as Corbin's Carpenter.

The above reward of \$500 will be given, if he be taken out of the State of Virginia, or \$300 if taken within the State.

CIPR S. MORRISS.

Gloucester Court-bouse, Va., June 11th, 1839. 10—wiw:

SCOTT & CROSS' ASBESTOS TRON CHESTS, macranted SCOTT & CROSS' ASRESTOS IRON CHESTS, marranted for the proof, having undergone the severest ordeals of fire, without injury to their contents. Gentlemen in the country who keep valuable papers or money ought never to be without one. The pieces vary from \$40 upwards, according to size. Reference is made to the following patties, who, with many others, have them in use, viz. Messrs. James Webh & Co., Col. Peyton, Wortham & McGruder, Ludlam & Son, Havall & Co., Dunlon, Moneure & Co., II. W. & J. J. Fry, Mordecai & Osborn, Stanback & Son, the Franklin Manufacturing Co., Eachange Banks at Richmond and Clarksville. An assortment kept constantly for sale by the subscriber.

101N O. LAY, Agent

[74—w6m]

Jan 17 [74—w6m] For the Manufacturers

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.—CHARLESTON
DISTRICT.—IN CHARCERY.—Lewis Cruger, Administrator
of Charles Murray, Complainant, vs. John Ferrie, or his heirs, P. M.
Nightingale and William C. Daniel, Defendants.
By this Bill the Complainant seeks payment of a mortgage of a
Plantation called Nelville. John Ferrie was seized of the said Plan
tation, subject to the mortgage, to which the Complainant entitles
himself, and subject to the equitable lien, to which the Defendant,
P. M. Nightingale, entitles himself, as the personal representative
of Nathaniel Greene, General in the Armies of the United States,
commanding the Southern Division, &c. John Ferrie was in Charleston in the years 1782 and 1783, and subsequently, and is supposed to
have been a partner of John Banks, a citizen of Virginia, contractor
for the Southern Army. If the heirs or representatives of John have been a partner of John thanks. The hoirs or representatives of John Pertie are within the United States, and will make their claim to the Plantation of Nelville, or to the surplus after payment of the incumbrances that may be set up and established in this suit, they may come in at any time within two years; and if they are residing heroof the United States, they may come in and make their claim at any time within four years, after a decree should pass in this any time within four years, after a decree should pass in this cause by pleading, answering or demurring to the Complainant
PETIGRU & LESENE,
bill.
June 22 [13-w12m] Complainant's Salicitors.

City of Richmond Scrip for sale.

CERTIFICATES of Debt of the City of Richmond, bearing 6 per cent. interest, payable semi-annually, can be obtained at the Office of the James River and Kanawha Company, deliverable at the time of the application, or at any future time then fixed upon-

Secretary of the James River and Kunawha Compa-

Jan 22

Amelia Sulphur Springs.

This Watering Place is now rendy for the reception of Visitors.

The Proprietor, encouraged by the patronage of the last season, has very much extended his arrangements for the present-Forty additional rooms have been erected, (twenty of which are bric's,) and every branch of the establishment has been extended not improved. He was enabled the last season to necommodate from 200 to 230 persons at a time. His present arrangements will now enable him to accommodate nearly double that number. Good and attentive servants and ostlers are engaged. A good Band of Music, selected and engaged by a scientific musician, constantly in attendance. His parforis furnished with a good Pinno Forte for the use of his guests.

Music, selected and engaged by in attendance. His parlor is furnished with a good Piano Forte for the use of his guests.

The Proprietor tenders his thanks to the many of his old patrons and friends, (whose letters he has received,) and who have so liberally bestowed their high commendations upon the happy effects of his waters, and upon his humble, but he hopes not unmerited, efforts. He pladges himself, that the same unremitted attention shall be paid to the comfort and accommodation of his guests, that has ever characterized his establishment.

The Amelia Springs are situated in the county of Amelia, 50 miles South-west of Richmond, 45 West of Petersburg, and 20 East of Fatuville. Persons wishing to visit the Springs by public conveyances, can be conveyed by the tri-weekly line of stages between Petersburg and Fatuville to Jennings' Ordinary, where they will find a Hack in waiting to convey them immediately to the Springs, a distance of 9 miles.

FRANCIS A. WILLSON.

P. S .- For analysis of waters, see cards.

of July, 1830, at the office of P. M. Tab's, in the city of Richmond, between the hours of 3 o'clock in the firenoon, and 7 in the afternoon of that day, I shall take the deposition of Dr. Bohsmon and others, to be read as evid nee in the above suit, in which I am plaintiff, and you and another defendant—said deposition to be continued from day to day, between the same hours, at same place, until completed.

SEORGE WATSON.

N CHANCERY—Virginia—At rules bolden in the Clerk's office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for the county of Henrico and city of Richmond, the 7th day of June, 1839: George Watson, praintiff, praintiff,

against
William Smith and others,
The defendants:
The defendant above named not having entered his appearance and given security, according to the net of Assembly and the takes of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence, that he is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth, it is ordered, that the said defendant do appear here on the first day of the next November term, and caswer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Richmond, for two months successively, and posted at the front

out of the Capital, in the said city.
A Conv.—Teste. WM. G. SANDS, D. C. June 11

THE subscriber wishes to sell two Tracts or Land; one tract lying in the county of Nelson, containing upwards of cleven hundred acres, and is the tract whereon he resides, and less extremely well, in a very convenient neighborhood, adjoining th lands of Mr. Robert Rives, sen., Mr. Wm. C. Rives and others, and within seven miles of the mouth of Tye River, where there is within seven miles of the mouth of Tye River, where there is a village and inspection of tobacco, and five or six miles from Lovingston; this tract would suit very well to divide. The dwellinghouse is partly new, and contains ten rooms besides passages; near the dwelling house is a bold and never-failing spring of excellent water; perhaps rather more than half the lond is cleared. This tract is certainly desirable.—The other tract contains about standard and sixty or seventy acres, lies partly in Amherst and partly in Nelson, immediately under the Buffalo Ridge, and is adjoining the lands of Col. Edmund T Hubbard and others, its very well, and is smoothing more than half cleared, is about five miles from Elk Ureck Mill, near James River, where there is an iron foundry, and three miles from the Buffalo Ridge Springs: this land has an excellent bank of 100 nore, and the neighborhand shounds with 100 and copper ore, and is healthy. This, and the larger tract above, is well adapted to clover and plaister. Paymons for each tract will be made very much to suit purchasers, being well secured. I deem it unnecessary to say mute, as purchasers will secured. I deem it unnecessary to say mute, as purchasers will I deem it unnecessary to say more, as purchasers wil secured. I deem it unnecessary to application to the subser-ties the lands, which will be shown on application to the subser-WM. H. DIGGES.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS. A VEGETABLE and Universal Medicine, proved by the experience of thousands to be, when pro perly persevered with, a CERTAIN core in every form of the ONLY ONE DISEASE, all having the same origin, and invariably arise from the UNIVERSAL ROOF of all disease, namely, IMPURITY or IMPERFECT circu lation of the BLOOD

In a period of little more than three years in the U. States they have restored to a state of HEALTH and en joyment over ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND persons, the were given over as incurable by physicians of the first rank and standing, and in many cases when every

ther remedy had been resorted to in vain In all cases of Pain or Weakness, whether it be chronic or recent, whether it be deafness or pain in the side, whether it arise from constitutional or from some name diate cause, whether it be from internal or external injury, it will be cured by persevering in the use of these

This principle of purging with Brandeth's Pills, re Reference is respectively made to the following from critices of Charlottesville, V.s., in which place he has practised for the last six years.

Understanding from our towsman, Mr. John G. Wayr, Dentist, that he has located nimself permanently in Richmond, for the purpose of the last which place he has practised for the last six years.

Understanding from our towsman, Mr. John G. Wayr, Dentist, that he has located nimself permanently in Richmond, for the purpose of the liver when they settle upon that organ, and which, when they settle upon the muscles, produce shearnatism; or, upon the nerves, produce gout; or, upon rheumatism; or, upon the nerves, produce gout; or, upon the lungs, produce consumption; or, upon the intestines, costiveness; or upon the lining of the blood vessels, spoplexy and paralysis, and all the train of disorders so me lancholy to the sufferer and all who behold them.

Yes, purging these humors from the body is the true oure for all these complaints, and every other form of disease. This is no mere assertion-it is a demonstrable truth, and each day it is extending itself; far and wide it is becoming known, and more and more appreciated

The cure by purging may more depend upon the laws which produce sweetness or purity, than may be generally imagined. Whatever tends to stagnate, will produce sickness, because it tends to putrefaction; therefore the necessity of constant exercise is seen.

hen constant exercise cannot be used FROM ANY CAUSE, the occasional use of opening medicine is AB. SOLUTELY required. Thus the conputrs of the BLOOD, be fountain of life, are kept free from which would prevent its steady current ministering to health. Thus morbid humors are prevented from becoming mixed with it. It is nature which is thus assist ed through the means and outlets which she has provi-

Certificates of Cure by the Brandreth Pills.

DYSENTERY CURED! During the month of August last, Joshua H Shields was violently attacked with a most dangerous DY ENTE The passages were of the most louid and alarming character, and were so frequent that they numbered as many as twenty-five in one day. After having taken the prescriptions of two of the most celebrated physi cians in the country, without receiving any permanen relief, he was induced, by the suggestion of a neighbor to try the BRANDRETH PILLS; but so weak had he become by the UNNATURAL evacuations of his dis ease, that he had no hopes of recovering However after having taken a dose of the pills, he received al nost immediate relief, and continued to take them until they had effected a perfect cure. If any individuals are inclined to doubt the correctness of the above certificate in every particular, they are respecially referred to Mr J. H. Shields, Hopkinsville, Christian County, Ken-October 12, 1535 Dysperala Cured!

B Brandeth, M D., Dear Sir : For the benefit of my fellow suff-rers, I wish you to publish the particulars of my case. You know when I was in Louisville last spring, I did not expect to live long; my bones were almost protending through my flesh. Flatulency, heart burn, and less of sleep had reduced me to a skeleton. had heard much of your pills, but I did not believe that they, or any thing else, would cure me; however, as you now, I bought a box and took them, since which time I have taken six boxes, and I now take great pleasure in saying that I enjoy an excellent state of health, and that I can perform more labor and endure more fatigue than I have been able to do for years previous to my taking your medicine. WM. THOMPSON.
September 29, 1838. Taylor creek, flardin co. Ky.

Dr. BRANDRETH'S Principal Office is 241, BROAD-WAY, NEW YORK.

Beware of counterfeits. Druggists are NEVER made agents. DR. BRANDRETH'S Office in Virginia, 18 195, MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, Near the Old Market,

Where the Pills can be obtained at 25 cents per box, with full directions. The following gentlemen have been appointed agents or the sale of Brandreth's Pilis:

J M. Royall, Sheckoe Hill, Richmond, Va Haskins and Libby, Rocketts. Z Hall, Manchester Montague & Jesse. Owen Hill, Middlesex co., Va. J. Thompson, jr., P. M., Goochland C. H., Virginia J. S. Easley, P. M., Halifax C. H. do

E. A. Hullorny, P. M., Clarksville H. Perkins, P. M., Lavingston Ailworth & Allen, Drummand Town Nottingham & Oldham, Eastville S. S Smith, Lewisburg H Carver, P M . Madison C H. Shepherds & Hartsnok Palmyra do Damron & Saunders. Due Hill E Bucktrout, Williamsburg Slater, New Kent county Waddill, Charles City county A R Ruffin do
S P. Hawes, Scottsville, Powhatan
J. B. Harris, P. M., Orange C. H. R. Ruffin do P. Hawes, Scottsville, Powhatan co C. Roberts, P. M., Mount Horeb E. Folkes, Berninda Hundred F W. Smith & Co . Farmville J. W. A. Raine & Co., Clover Hill R. P Cobb. P. M., Zanesville Robert B. Pollard, King William C. H. T. Trezvant, P. M., Jerusalem Jackson, Scottsville T W Micou, P. M. Big Lick M & T. Ferrell, Halifax, North Carolina T. & J. White, Warrenton Julier & Bains, Williamsboro' R & H. Baker, Louisburg Wm. Peck. Raleigh

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do Each of the abore Agents have an ENGRAVED CERTI

B. BRANDRETH, M D. June 4 (Signed) CHEAP MUSIC. HE largest collection of Music ever offered for sale in this State may be selected from, at the store of the Subscriber, who is now enabled to sell at the Phila-

delphia and New York wholesale and retail prices. P H TAYLOR. Piano Forte and Music Store opposite the Banks. 10-tf

POLITICS.

TUESDAY, TUNE 18. 1839.

DOCUMENTS Submitted to British Parliament and printed in London.

MAINE HOUNDARY.

FIRST MISSION OF EBENIZER GREELY.

No. 7.-A. Stevenson. Esq. to Viscount Palmerston 23. PORTLAND PLACE, F-b 26, 1838 The undersigned, Minister Plenspotentiary from the

U S , has the honor to call the attention of Lord Palmerston, her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, to the two communications which he had the honor heretofore of addressing to his Lordship, in relation to the arrest and imprisonment of Ebenez r S. Greely, a citizen of the U S, by the authorities of the Province of New Brunswick. As the proceeding was one, which, from its peculiar

character, justified the expectation of an early and favora-

ble consideration by her Majesty's Government, and as the first communication addressed to his ordship was in the month of August last, and the second as lar back as November, the undersigned had flattered himself with the hope that he should long since have been enabled to have communicated to his Government the decision of the case and the release of Mr. Greely from confinement. Disappointed in this expectation it now becomes his duty again to address his Lordship on the subject, and urge its consideration upon her Majesty's Govern-Whilst the undersigned is satisfied that there has been no disposition on the part of her Majesty's Government to pr tract, unnecessarily, the edecision of this case, he must yet be permitted to express his deep regret that it has

been so long delayed, and to repeat to Lord Palmerston. what he has on several occasions had the honor of verbally stating, and of which his Lordship must be sensible, that any further delay in the adjustment of this matter by her Majesty's Government, can have no other effect than to aggravate the injuries which Mr. Greely has already been doomed to suffer, and increase the excitement which unhappily exists between the inhabitants of the two countries contiguous to the disputed territory. The representations which the undersigned has here

tofore had the honor of making to his Lordship, will render it unnecessary to add any further remarks upon the merits of the case He will therefore content him self with again invoking the early and favorable consideration of her Majesty's Government to this painful subject, and asking as he respectfully begs leave to do, that he may, with as little delay as possible, be made acquainted, for the information of his Government, with final determination of that of her Majesty.

The und-reigned avails himself, &c A STEVENSON. Viscount Palmerston, &c , &c , &c .

No. 8 .- Viscount Palmerston to Andrew Streenson, Esq. FOREIGN OFFICE, March 12, 1838.
The undersigned, Her Britanine Majesty's Principal
Secretary of State for Foreign A Cairs, had the honor to acknowledge, on the 22nd of August, 1837, the receipt of the note dated the 10th of the same month, which Mr Stevenson, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the U S of America, addressed to the undersigned, complaining of the arrest and imprisonment of Mr. Ebenezer Greely, a citizen of the U.S., by the authorities of New Brunswick; and d-manding the release of Mr. Greely, and suitable indemnity for the wrongs which he was alleged to have sustained by these proceedings.

undersigned had afterwards the honor duly to re ceive Mr. Stevenson's second note, dated the 22d of No vember, 1857, referring to his previous note above men-tioned, and complaining that Mr. Greely had been a se cond time arrested under circumstances similar to the first; and the undersigned has now the honor to acknowdge the receipt of Mr. Stevenson's further note, dated the 26th ult , referring to the two former, and pressing

for an answer thereupon. The undersigned regrets extremely that any delay should have taken place in replying to Mr. Stevenson's representations upon this subject, and he trusts that Mr. Stevenson will readily believe the assurance that the delay has not been occasioned by any indifference to the matter of his complaint, or by any insensibility to the importance of the question which that complaint in-In fact, nearly at the same time that the undersigned received Mr. Sievenson's first note, he received pial Department the official documents which had ar rived from New Brunswick concerning the arrest of Mr Greely, upon the occasion to which Mc Stevenson's note referred; and thereupon the undersigned forthwith transmitted to Mr. Fox, her Majesty's Minister at Washington, instructions directing him to lose no time in bringing the matter under the notice of the American Government for their serious consideration It is unne cessary for the undersigned here to repeat, in detail, the circumstances under which the arrest of Mr. Greely ook place, as Mr Stevenson and the Government of the U S are fully acquainted with the facts of the case. But the undersigned must observe that the offence for which Mr. Greely was arrested and imprisoned on the first occasion, and which was a second time committed under aggravated circumstances, with the knowledge and sanction of the authorities of the State of Maine amounted to an attempt on the part of that State, to as sert, in the Madawaska settlement, an act of sovereign ty, wholly incompatible with the rights and the duties the British Government in the disputed territory, pending the final settlement of the boundary between the two countries; and that the pretension advanced by the authorities of Maine on this occasion, if per veted in, must lead to hostile collision between that State and the Government of New Brunswick -Mr. Fox accordingly was instructed to address himself to this effect to the Secretary of State of the U. S. and at the same time to express the conviction of her Majes ty's Government that the President would immediately interpose his authority, for the repression of any process ings on the part of the State of Maine, which might be be likely to give rise to disastrons consequences. Fox was further directed to state that the British Government would feel it to be their duty to oppose a tem perate and firm resistance to any aggressions of Ameri can citizens; and to employ constitutional powers for the protection of British subjects, and for the punishment of such persons as might be duly convicted before the legal tribunals of her Majesty's possessions in North America, of any attempt to interfere with the provisional

exercise of jurisdiction by Great Britain, or to disturb the public peace within the disputed territory It was only a few days after the receipt of Mr. Sievenson's note of the 18th of Nov. last, relative to the second arrest of Mr. Greely, that the unders gned received from Mr. Fox a despatch acknowledging the instructions above referred to; in which despatch Mr. Fox stated that he had already, on the occasion of the second offence, and consequent second arrest of Mr. Greely, auticipated, to a certain extent, those instructions, and that he would shorely send home a full report upon the

The undersigned having been in constant expectation of receiving this report, has delayed to answer Mr Ste venson's second note, as well as the first, conceiving that he would be enabled to do so more satisfactorily after he had been made acquainted with the result of Mr. Fox's munications at Washington upon the same subject Mr Fox's expected reports however, has not ye received, and the undersigned will no longer delay to answer Mr. Stevenson's representations. In performing this task, the undersigned regrets, that his duty compel him at once distinctly to deny the pretensions which the Government of the United States have of late years advanced, and which, it would appear, from Mr. Stevenson's notes, they reassert on the present occasion, in derogation of the right of the British Government to exercise jurisdiction within the disputed territory, until the boundary question is settled. the arrest and trial of Mr Greely is pre-

The case of cisely parallel to that of the arrest and trial of Mr. Jo seph Baker, an American citizen, by the authorities of New Brunswick, in the year 1827; which, as Mr. Stevenson is aware, subsequently became the subject of a correspondence between the Representative of the U. States in London, and the Secretary of State for Foreign The right of the British Government provi sionally to exercise jurisdiction over the disputed territory was on that occasion fully and clearly, and in the opinion of the undersigned, unanswerably laid down in the note of the Earl of Aberdeen to Mr. Lawrence, dated the 14th of August, 1828; to which note the undersigned takes the liberty of referring Mr. Stevenson on the present occasion.

The undersigned has the honor to renew to Mr. Sievenson the assurances of his high consideration.
(Signed) PALMERSTON. (Signed)

Andrew Stevenson, Esq.

No. 9.—A Stevenson, Esq. to Viscount Palmerston, 23. Portland Place, March 20, 1838, The undersigned, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from the U.S., has now the honor of acknowledging the receipt of the note addressed to him by Ld. Palmerston, her Britannic Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, under date of the 12th inst., in reply to the official communications made by VOLUME XXXVI .-- No. 12.

the undersigned to his Lordship on the 18th of Nov., and 26th of February last, upon the subject of the late pro-ceedings of the colonial authorities of New Brunswick, against Mr. Ebenezer S Greely, a citizen of the State of Maine, and for which, the Government of the U.S., regarding them as an infringement of national and indi-vidual rights, had instructed the undersigned to demand reparation from the Government of her Britannic Ma-

The undersigned can but express his extreme and unfeigned regret, in now learning from Lord Palmerston, that these proceedings of the authorities of New Brunswick are not only approved and justified, and all reparation for the wrongs inflicted on Mr. Greely denied; but that it is the settled determination of her Majesty's Government to continue to assert and enforce, by all the constitutional means in its power, its exercise of jurisdiction within the disputed Territory, until the question of Boundary, under the stipulations of the Freaty, shall be definitively settled. That this determination on the part of her Majesty's Government will be received with painful surprise and concern by that of the U S, the undersigned need hardly assure Lord Palmerston.

In communicating this decision, Lord Palmerston assorts that the case of Mr. G. is precisely parallel to that of Mr John Baker, an American citizen who was arrested and imprisoned by the authorities of New Bronswick in the year 1827, for a similar offence, and which hecame, at the time, the subject of a correspondence between the Representatives of the two countries, and was approved and justified by her Majesty's Government. His Lordship, moreover, is pleased to say, that upon that occasion, the right of jurisdiction on the part Great Britain was unanswerably maintained by the Earl of Aberdeen (the then Principal Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs) in the note addressed by him to Mr. Lawrence, the American Charge d'Affaires, in London, on the 14th of August, 1828, to which Lord Palmerston refers, as rendering unnecessary on his part, any further discussion of the merits of the present case. Under such circumstances, the undersigned is not aware, that it would be either necessary or proper for him to do more than to transmit his Lordship's note to his Government, and again protest, as it is his duty to do, as well against the decision which has been made, as the dectrines contained in the Earl of Aberdeen's note, now re affirmed by her Majesty's Government, as the basis

of its present decision. principles and doctrines laid down in this Note of the Earl of Aberdeen, it is proper that the undersigned should state, in the most explicit manner, that the Government of the U S, neither have or can consent to acquiesce; on the contrary, he begs to assure Lord Palmerston, that both before and subsequent to the arrest and imprisonment of Mr. Baker, the Government of the U.S. not only resisted the right of jurisdiction asserted by Great Britain over this territory, but declared its fixed d-termination not to acquiesce in its exercise. In proof of this, the undersigned need only refer his Lordship to the past history of the negotiation, and more particularly to the correspondence which took place between the Re-press natives of the two Governments in London and

However strong then the convictions of Lord Palmerston may be, as to the unanswerable character of Lord Aberdeen's vindication of the claim of her Majesty's Government to the jurisdiction over this Territory, the undersigned, after the most careful review of the arguments contained in that note, must be permitted to that his are not the less so as to the just claums of his own Government. In the principles assumed by the Earl of Aberdeen, as to the foundation of his argument, his Lordship seems to have entirely misapprehended, as well the grounds upon which the United States rest their claim to the property in contest, as those upon which it resists that of Her Majesty's Government. This will be made quite apparent, by a brief examination of his

Lordship's note and the history of the negotiation. Lord Aberdeen's remarks are comprehended under three heads. In the first place, his Lordship assumes, that the U S derive their claim to this Territory, under the provisions of the trenty of 1783, by which their sovereignty and independence were acknowledged by Great Britain, and thereby in effect admitting, (as his Lordship supposes,) the prior title of the British Crown

to the property.
Secondly -That Great Britain had never parted with the possession of the Territory, and there had been no actual delivery of it into the possession of the U.S. under the treaty, and consequently, whatever rights of sovereignty and jurisdiction had been exercised since its execution, have, (until the recent attempts on the part of the State of Maine.) been exercised by her Majesty's Government, and that, consequently, Great Britain, never having been divested of her ancient right of jurisdiction, the character of the Territory had undergone no change since the period antecedent to the treaty of

Thirdly, that the question of eventual Sovereignty eing in doubt it was consistent with the acknowledged rule of law, that where such doubts existed, the party who had once clearly the right, and had retained the actual possession, should continue to hold it until the

question was finally settled.

Now upon the first point assumed by Lord Aberdeen, it is proper to remark, that the United States do not rest their claim of right upon the provisional Treaty of 1782, or the definitive one of 1783, by which their Sovereignly and Independence was acknowledged. The provision of the treaty of 1783, as to title and boundaries, are not to be, nor have they ever been, regarded by the U. S., as matters of grant or cession on the part of the British Government. The rights of the U.S., as Independent and Sovereign States, although acknowledged by that treaty, were not acquired under it, but by a long and bloody war waged for independence The treaty of 1783 was, in fact, a treaty of peace and dismemberment, forming two empires out of one, and laying down the fundamental rights of each. The thirteen States composing the Union at the period of their separation, had been from their first establishment, separate and independent States, with separate and independent Governments, and in this state their several boundaries were fixed .-By the treaty of peace, their boundaries, like their independence, were not granted, but acknowledged, and the acknowledgment on the part of Great Brigin, was like that of other nations. It was, therefore, a treaty for the division of coeval rights, and not a grant or cession of property, and each State of course became entitled to the rights enjoyed by it before the separation. The limits of the several States, and of course those

not derived from the treaty stipulations, but from the fact of declaring themselves Independent. The rights and sivereignty of the United States were therefore not granted, but acknowledged by the treaty, and as such cannot be considered in the light of a grant or cession of territory, but simply what it was intended

of Viassadiments, having been fixed before the Revolu-

tion, remained the same after, and were consequently

to be, an acknowledgment of previously existing rights And here the undersigned will take occasion to remark, that this is no new doctrine on the part of the American Government, asserted now for the first time n relation to the subject of their Northeastern Boundary. It is the doctrine which the United States have always naintained in their intercourse with foreign nations, and with none more so than Great Britain. portant negotiation between the two Governments in the year 1815, in relation to the Fisheries, the treaty of 1753 became incidentally the subject of a correspond-ence between Mr. John Quincy Adams, the then Miniser of the United States in London, and Earl Bathurst. Upon that occasion, the nature and character of that treaty, and the rights secured under it, were discussed and elucidated by Mr Adams, with a power and ability of argument, which the undersigned can neither add to improve. To that correspondence he now begs leave

to refer Lord Palmerston.

There is no foundation then for Lord Aberdeen's supposing that the claim of the U.S. rests upon the stipu-

lations of the treaty of 1783. Nor is his Lordship more fortunate in the other grounds relied on as to the possession of the territory by Great Britain, before the war of the Revolution, and there having been no actual delivery of possession to the U. S. at the time of the execution of the treaty. There was, in fact, no settlement within the limits of the disputed territory before the American Revolution. It was first setiled by the French from Nova Scotia after that period, and the greater part of it was admitted by Great Britain as late as 1814, to have been actually unoccupied and waste, before the separation between the two countries. Indeed, the right of jurisdiction over the country watered by the Madawaska and the Aroostook, commenced with the period of the settlement of the Loundaries of the State of Massachusetts That State conceiving her right of sovereignty and jurisdiction co-extensive with er title, took steps from time to time to dispose of her unappropriated and waste lands; and more than thirty years ago she made large grants of land within the disputed Territory, for public c and private uses, and would oubtless have continued to do so, until the who

exhausted, if it had been applied for and deemed bene-To this proceeding on the part of the State of Massachusetts, it is believed, no objection was interposed at the time by the British Government. In fact, to a large